



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

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Corteva Agriscience™ encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container. This Safety Data Sheet adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of South Africa and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : CLOSER™ 240 SC

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub- : Plant Protection Product, Insecticide

stance/Mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer/importer

Corteva Agriscience RSA Proprietary Limited Block A, 2nd Floor, Lakefield Office Park, 272 West Avenue Centurion, Gauteng, 1063 SOUTH AFRICA

Customer Information : +27 (0) 12 683 5700

Number

E-mail address : SDS@corteva.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

24-Hour Local Emergency Contact: +27 82 895 0621 24-Hour Emergency Contact: +32 3 575 55 55

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat- H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. egory 2

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

Hazard statements : H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Supplemental Hazard : EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the envi-

Statements ronment, comply with the instructions for use.

Precautionary statements : Response:

P391 Collect spillage.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with ap-

plicable regulations.

Additional Labelling

EUH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
	Registration number		
sulfoxaflor (ISO)	946578-00-3 616-217-00-4	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	21,8
		M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1	
Unknown(s) - Sulfonated aromatic polymer, sodium salt for 300000000578, 300000000299	Not Assigned	Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 1 - < 2,5
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5 220-120-9 613-088-00-6	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 0,0025 - < 0,025





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M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Protection of first-aiders : If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific

personal protective equipment.

If inhaled : Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an

emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment

advice.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with

plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center

or doctor for treatment advice.

In case of eye contact : Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-

20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control

center or doctor for treatment advice.

Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in

work area.

If swallowed : No emergency medical treatment necessary.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None known.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : No specific antidote.

Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of

symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or

doctor, or going for treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

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5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addi-

tion to combustion products of varying composition which may

be toxic and/or irritating.

Combustion products may include and are not limited to:

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary. Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Further information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information,

refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil

barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, underwater.

See Section 12, Ecological Information.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorb-

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ant.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped.

Recovered material should be stored in a vented container. The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction with spilled materials can take place which could lead to overpressurization of the container.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional infor-

mation.

6.4 Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Do not breathe vapours/dust.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Store in a closed container. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance

with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage : Do not store near acids.

Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Plant protection products subject to Regulation (EC) No

1107/2009.





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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value		
Propylene glycol	Workers	Skin contact	Acute systemic effects			
	Remarks:No data available					
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects			
	Remarks:No data available					
	Workers	Skin contact	Acute local effects			
	Remarks:No data available					
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects			
	Remarks:No data available					
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects			
	Remarks:No da	ata available				
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	168 mg/m3		
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term local ef- fects			
	Remarks:No da	ata available				
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef- fects	10 mg/m3		
	Consumers	Skin contact	Acute systemic ef- fects			
	Remarks:No data available					
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic ef- fects			
	Remarks:No data available					
	Consumers	Skin contact	Acute local effects			
	Remarks:No da	ata available		•		
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects			
	Remarks:No data available					
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects			
	Remarks:No data available					
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	50 mg/m3		
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term local ef- fects			
	Remarks:No data available					
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef- fects	10 mg/m3		

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Propylene glycol	Fresh water	260 mg/l
	Marine water	26 mg/l





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Intermittent use/release	183 mg/l
Sewage treatment plant	20000 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	572 mg/kg dry
	weight (d.w.)
Marine sediment	57,2 mg/kg dry
	weight (d.w.)
Soil	50 mg/kg dry
	weight (d.w.)

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Hand protection

Use safety glasses (with side shields).

Remarks : Chemical protective gloves should not be needed when han-

dling this material. Consistent with general hygienic practice

for any material, skin contact should be minimized.

Skin and body protection : No precautions other than clean body-covering clothing

should be needed.

Respiratory protection : Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a poten-

tial to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced,

or where indicated by your risk assessment process.

For most conditions no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if discomfort is experienced, use an approved

air-purifying respirator.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : Liquid.
Colour : Tan
Odour : Mild

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : 4,67 (23,9 °C)

Concentration: 1 % Method: pH Electrode

Melting point/range : Not applicable

Freezing point No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : > 100 °C





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Method: closed cup

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable to liquids

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Density : 1,1066 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Method: Digital density meter

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : 350 °C

Method: EC Method A15

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Explosive properties : No

Oxidizing properties : No significant increase (>5C) in temperature.

9.2 Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong acids

Strong bases





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10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to:

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

GLP: yes

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,21 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: Aerosol

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Maximum attainable concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

GLP: yes

Components:

sulfoxaflor (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 1.000 mg/kg

Remarks: Observations in animals include:

Muscle spasms or twitches.

Tremors. Convulsions.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 2,09 mg/l

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Symptoms: The LC50 value is greater than the Maximum Attainable Concentration., No deaths occurred at this concen-

tration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal





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toxicity

Unknown(s) - Sulfonated aromatic polymer, sodium salt for 300000000578, 300000000299:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 675,3 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0,25 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

GLP : yes

Components:

sulfoxaflor (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Unknown(s) - Sulfonated aromatic polymer, sodium salt for 30000000578, 300000000299:

Result : No skin irritation

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species : Rabbit Result : Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : No eye irritation

GLP : yes

Components:

sulfoxaflor (ISO):





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Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Unknown(s) - Sulfonated aromatic polymer, sodium salt for 300000000578, 300000000299:

Result : Eye irritation

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species : Rabbit Result : Corrosive

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay

Species : Mouse

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Components:

sulfoxaflor (ISO):

Species : Mouse

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species : Mouse

Assessment : The product is a skin sensitiser, sub-category 1B.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

sulfoxaflor (ISO):

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

toxicity studies were negative.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

Not mutagenic when tested in bacterial or mammalian sys-

tems.

Carcinogenicity

sessment

Components:

sulfoxaflor (ISO):

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Has caused cancer in laboratory animals., However, the effects are species specific and are not relevant to humans.





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Reproductive toxicity

Components:

sulfoxaflor (ISO):

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: In animal studies, has been shown to interfere with reproduction., However, the effects are species specific and are not relevant to humans., These concentrations exceed relevant human dose levels.

Has caused birth defects in lab animals at high doses., In laboratory animals, excessive doses toxic to the parent animals caused decreased weight and survival of offspring., However, the effects are species specific and are not relevant

to humans.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction., In ani-

mal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Components:

sulfoxaflor (ISO):

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Unknown(s) - Sulfonated aromatic polymer, sodium salt for 30000000578, 300000000299:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-RE toxicant.





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Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

sulfoxaflor (ISO):

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Liver.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Components:

sulfoxaflor (ISO):

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Unknown(s) - Sulfonated aromatic polymer, sodium salt for 300000000578, 300000000299:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 939 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 880 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

LC50 (saltwater mysid Mysidopsis bahia): > 1 - < 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (diatom Navicula sp.): > 100 mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to soil dwelling or- : LC50: 6.4 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

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ganisms Exposure time: 14 d

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute

basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

oral LD50: > 2250 mg/kg bodyweight.

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

oral LD50: 0,23 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

contact LD50: 0,59 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components:

sulfoxaflor (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 387 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 363 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

EC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): > 402 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 399 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

LC50 (Chironomus sp. (midge)): 0,622 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

ErC50 (Lemna gibba): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d





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M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: > 12,9 mg/l

End point: mortality Exposure time: 30 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 50,5 mg/l End point: growth Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: semi-static test

NOEC: 0,114 mg/l

End point: number of offspring

Exposure time: 28 d

Species: saltwater mysid Mysidopsis bahia

Test Type: flow-through test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 or Equivalent

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

1

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50: 0,885 mg/kg

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

dietary LC50: > 5620 mg/kg bodyweight. Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

oral LD50: 676 mg/kg

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

oral LD50: 0,146 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

contact LD50: 0,539 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 d

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Unknown(s) - Sulfonated aromatic polymer, sodium salt for 300000000578, 300000000299:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is harmful to aquatic organisms

(LC50/EC50/IC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the most sen-

sitive species).

LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 10 - 100 mg/l





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Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

(Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

EC10: > 10 - 100 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1,9 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3,7 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

LC50 (Mysid shrimp (Mysidopsis bahia)): 1,9 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,8

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,21

mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

ErC50 (diatom Skeletonema costatum): 0,36 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

NOEC (diatom Skeletonema costatum): 0,15 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent





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M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- :

icity)

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Bacteria (active sludge)): 28,52 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition of activated sludge

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

sulfoxaflor (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable

Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 310

Remarks: Material is not readily biodegradable according to

OECD/EEC guidelines.

ThOD : 1,90 kg/kg

Photodegradation : Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)

Sensitiser: OH radicals

Rate constant: 1,653E-11 cm3/s

Method: Estimated.

Unknown(s) - Sulfonated aromatic polymer, sodium salt for 300000000578, 300000000299:

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable

Remarks: No appreciable biodegradation is expected.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 24 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent Remarks: Abiotic degradation: The material is rapidly de-

gradable by abiotic means.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

sulfoxaflor (ISO):

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 0,802 (20 °C)

octanol/water pH: 7

Method: Measured

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Unknown(s) - Sulfonated aromatic polymer, sodium salt for 30000000578, 300000000299:





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Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: No relevant data found.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 3,2

Method: Calculated.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 1,19

Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 or Equivalent

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

sulfoxaflor (ISO):

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 40

Method: Measured

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc be-

tween 0 and 50).

Unknown(s) - Sulfonated aromatic polymer, sodium salt for 30000000578, 300000000299:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: No relevant data found.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 104

Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is high (Koc between 50

and 150).

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an im-

portant fate process.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

Components:

sulfoxaflor (ISO):

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Unknown(s) - Sulfonated aromatic polymer, sodium salt for 30000000578, 300000000299:





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Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Assessment : This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Endocrine disrupting poten-

tial

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

Additional ecological infor-

mation

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components:

sulfoxaflor (ISO):

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Unknown(s) - Sulfonated aromatic polymer, sodium salt for 30000000578, 300000000299:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according

to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regu-

lations.

If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all appli-

cable regional, national and local laws.





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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

 UNRTDG
 : UN 3082

 IMDG
 : UN 3082

 IATA
 : UN 3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name

UNRTDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S. (Sulfoxaflor)

IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S. (Sulfoxaflor)

IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Sulfoxaflor)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

UNRTDG : 9IMDG : 9IATA : 9

14.4 Packing group

UNRTDG

Packing group : III Labels : 9

IMDG

Packing group : III Labels : 9

EmS Code : F-A, S-F

Remarks : Stowage category A

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 964

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

964

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards





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IMDG

Marine pollutant : yes(Sulfoxaflor)

14.6 Special precautions for user

Marine Pollutants assigned UN number 3077 and 3082 in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 KG or less for solids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code, IATA Special provision A197, and ADR/RID special provision 375.

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

E2

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance when it is used in the specified applications.

The mixture is evaluated within the frame of the provisions of Regulation (EC) No. 1107/2009. Refer to the label for exposure assessment information.

SECTION 16: Other information

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

Classification was done in accordance with UN Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) Purple Book and complies with the Regulations for Hazardous Chemical Agents, 2021.

Full text of H-Statements

H302 : Harmful if swallowed. H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 : Causes serious eye damage.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.





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H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA -European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture:

Classification procedure:

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Based on product data or assessment

Product code: GF-2032





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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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